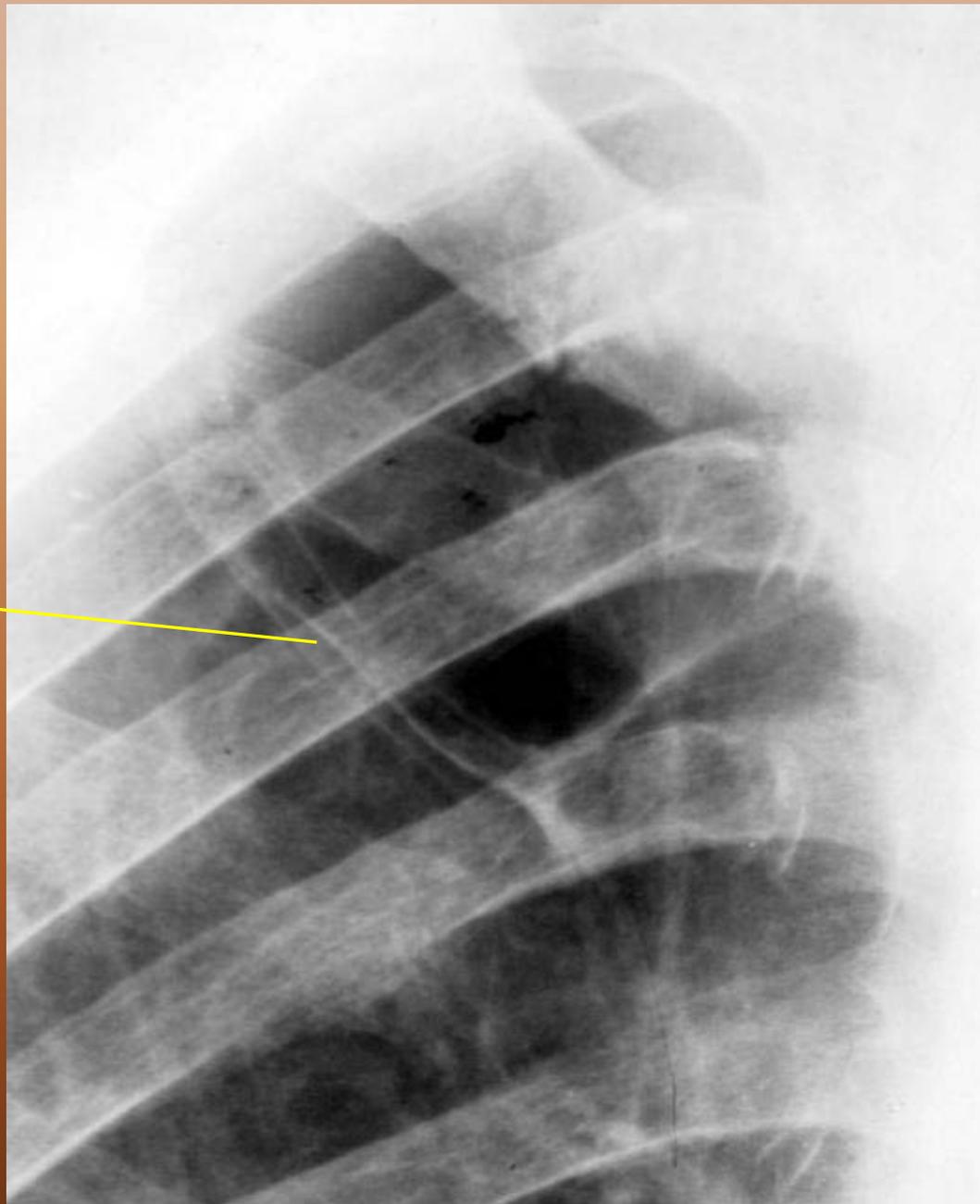
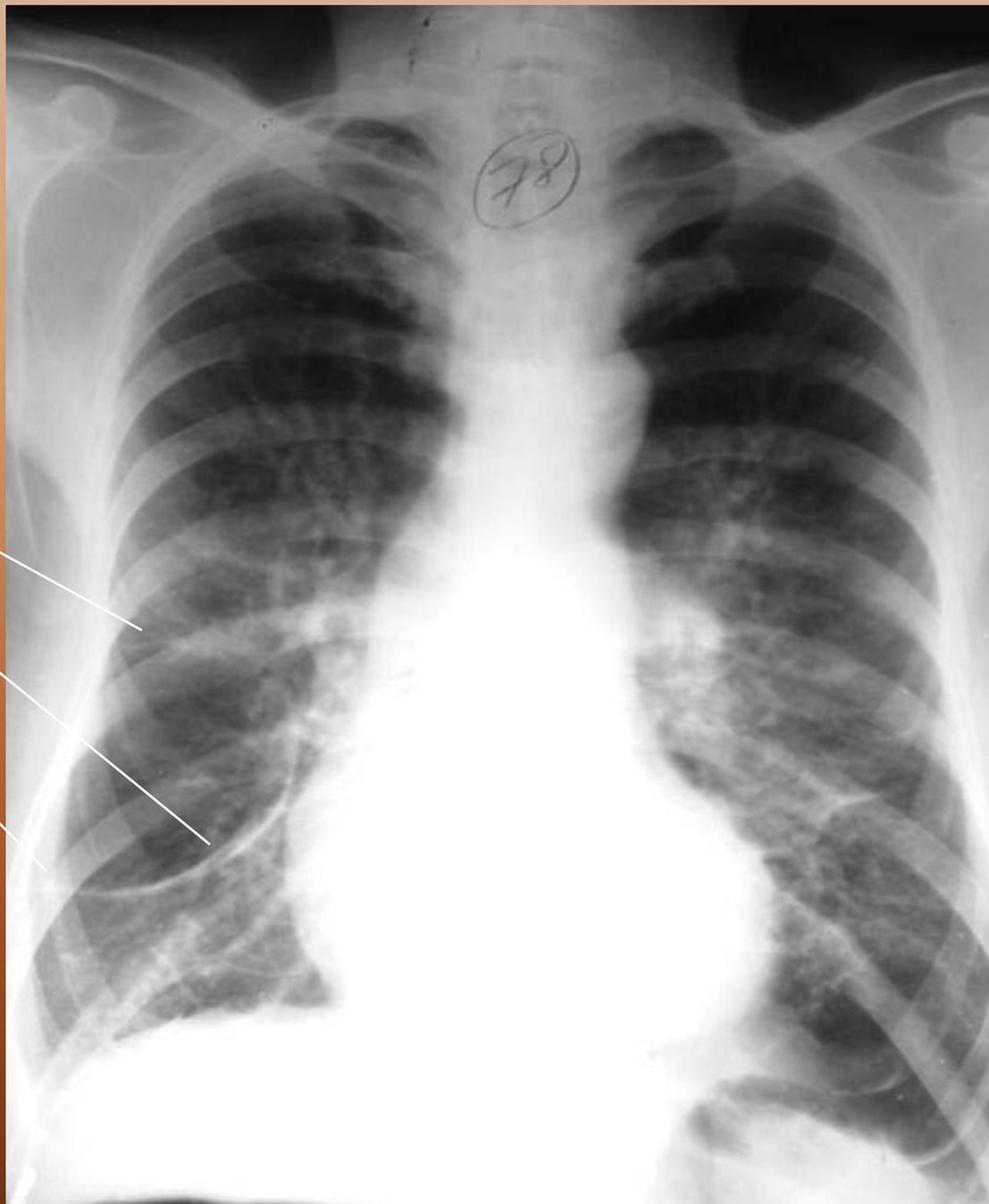
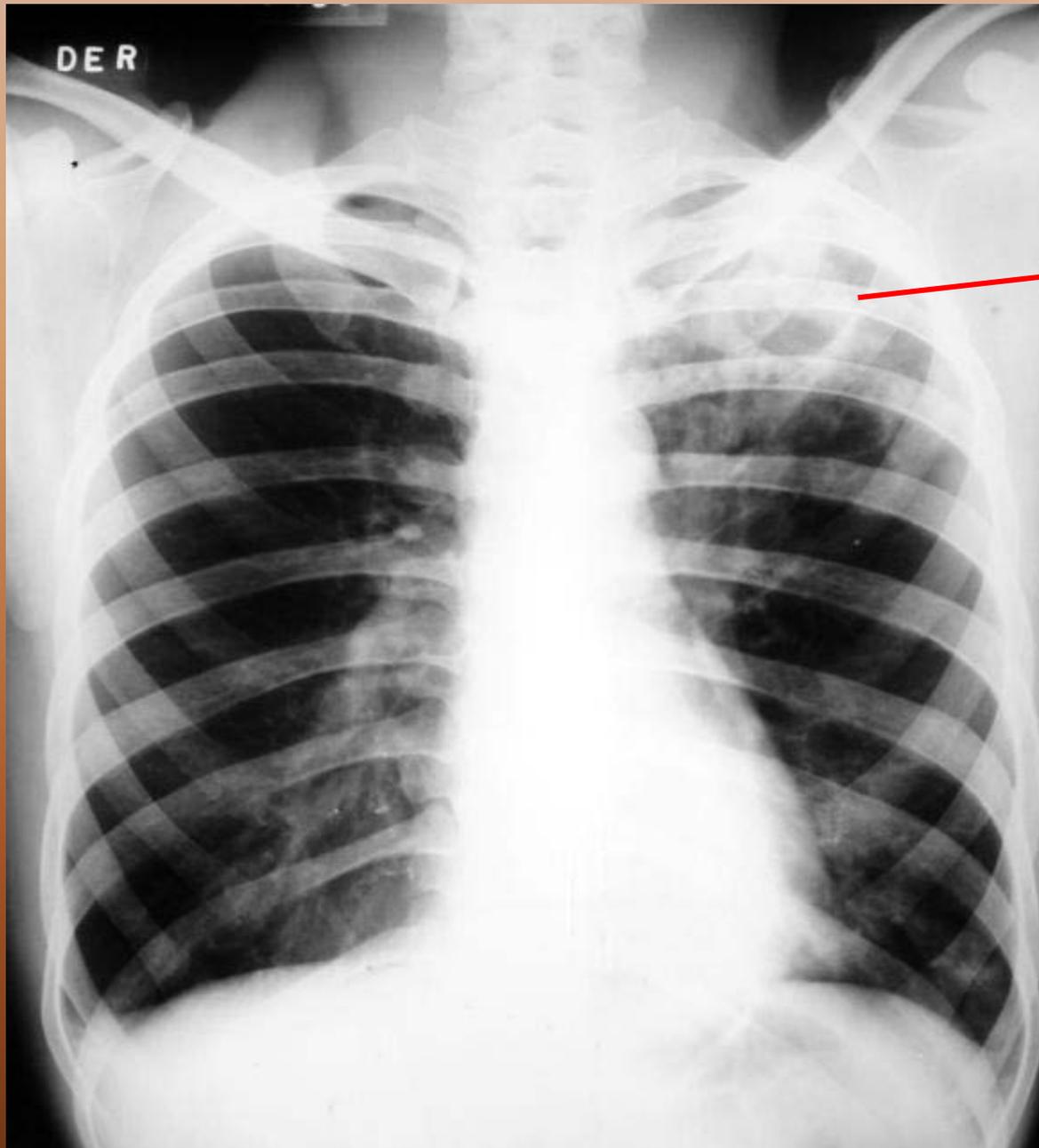


**Las bullas no completan su círculo.**



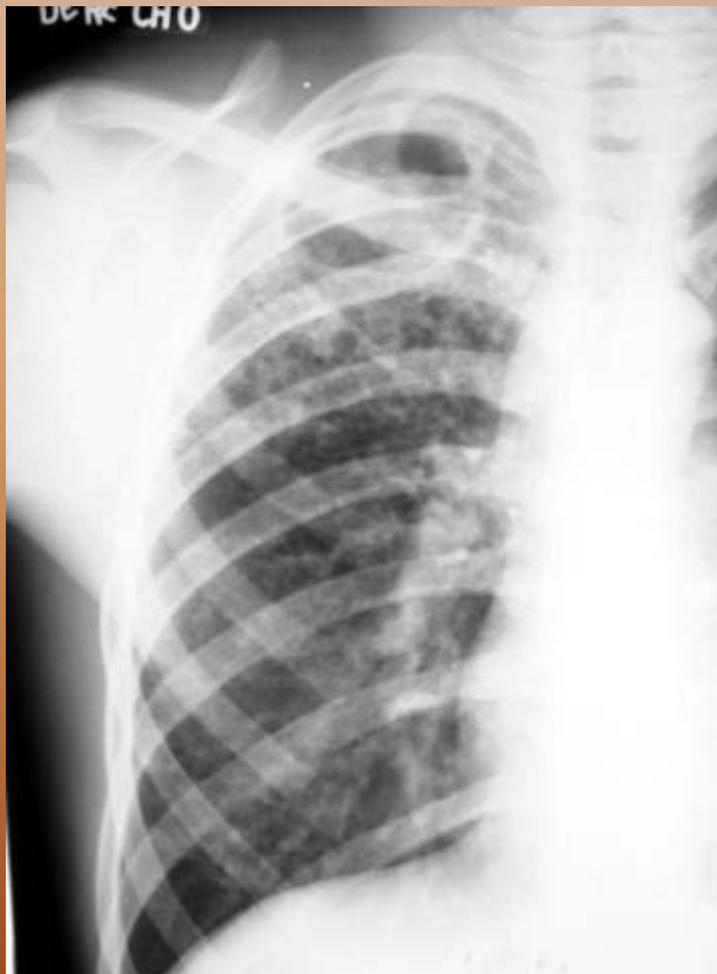
**Quiste  
Pulmonar.**



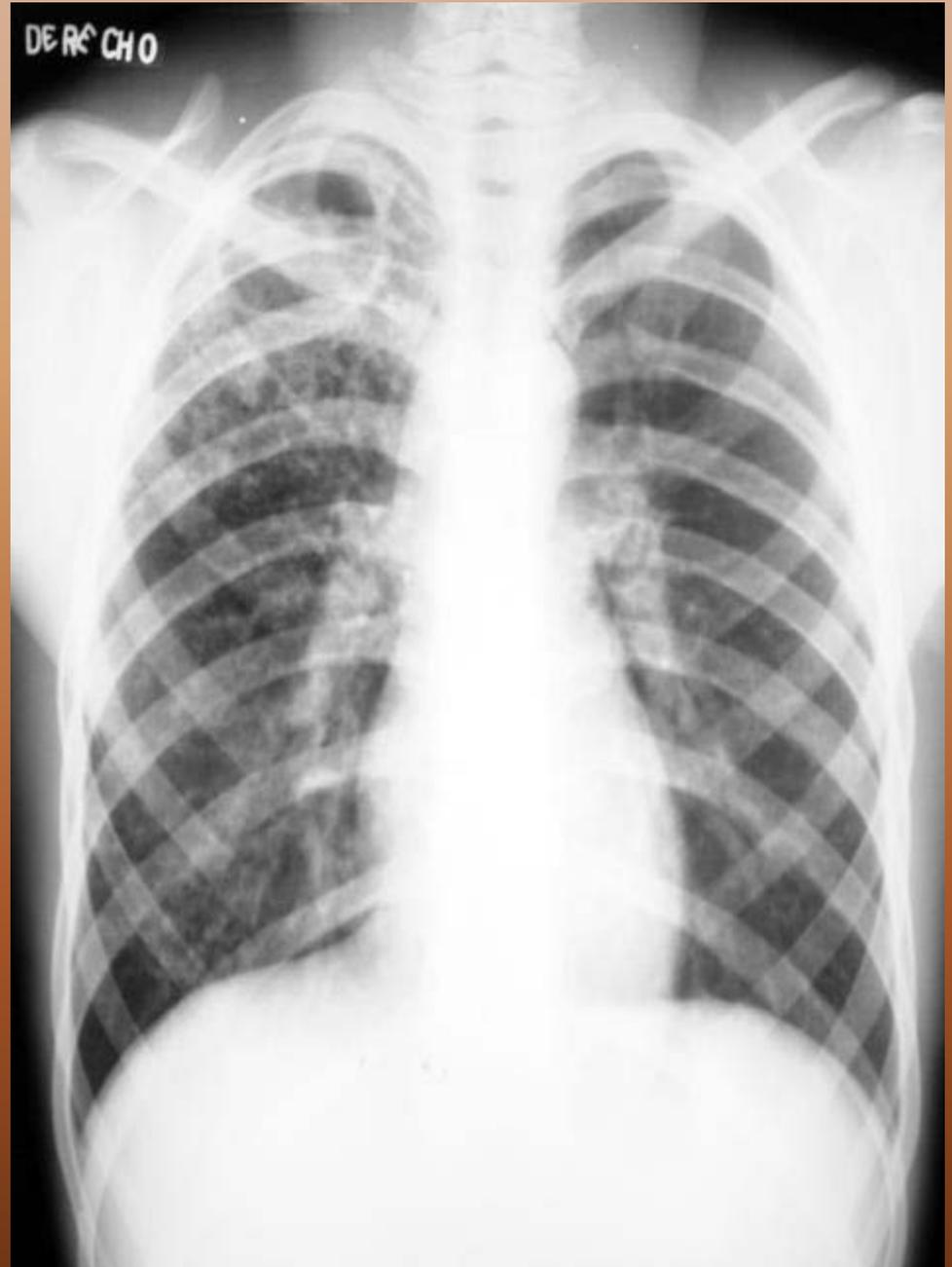


**Caverna.**

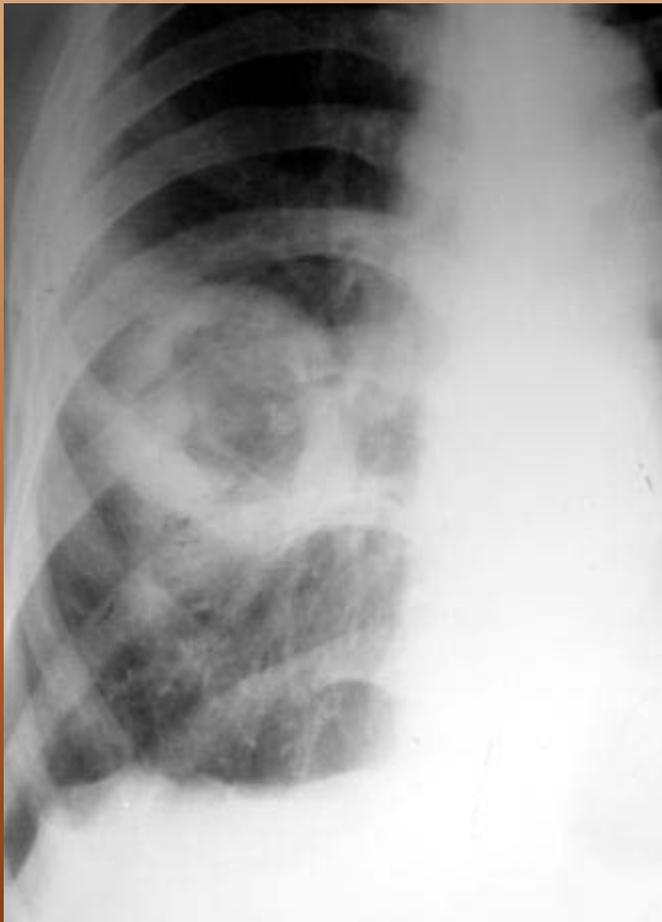




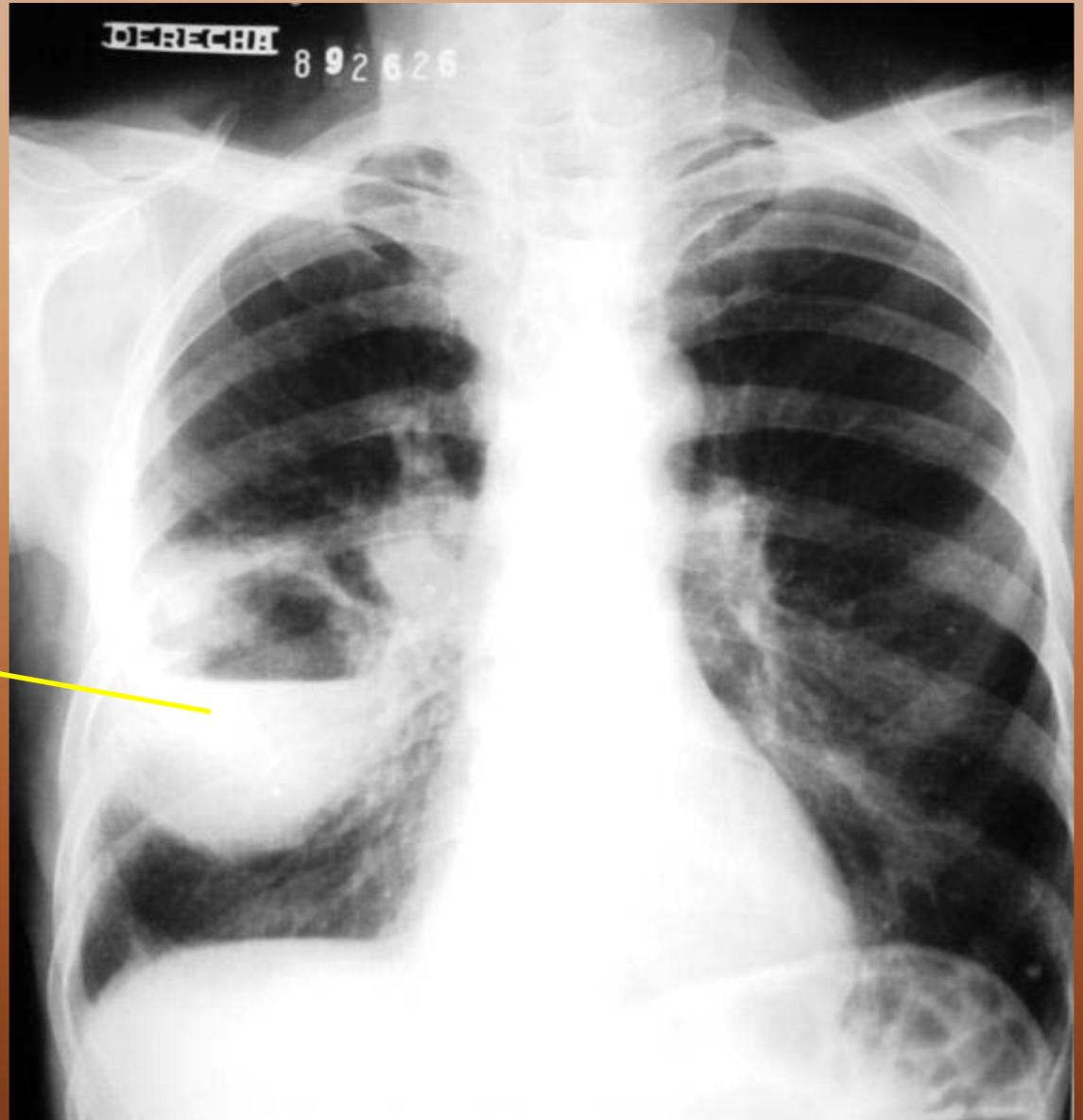
**Tuberculosis.**



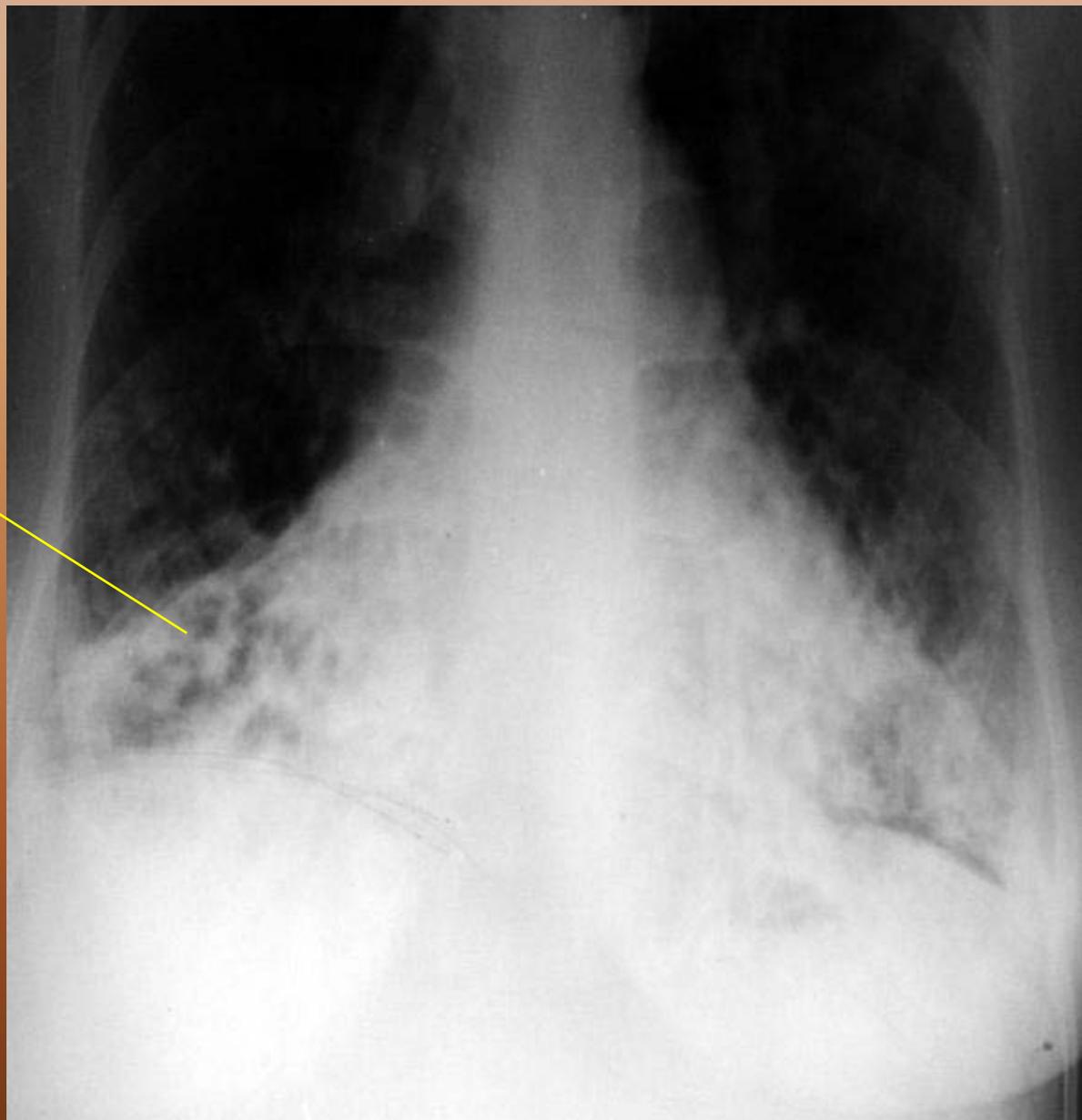
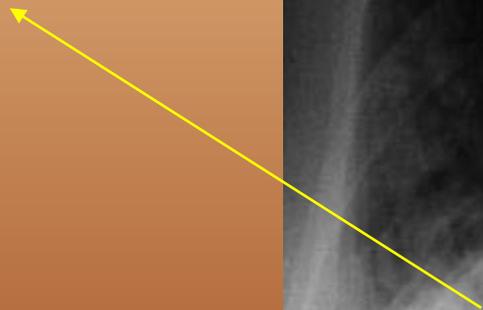
# Absceso Pulmonar.



**En el absceso pulmonar el nivel hidroaéreo es más alto que en la caverna.**

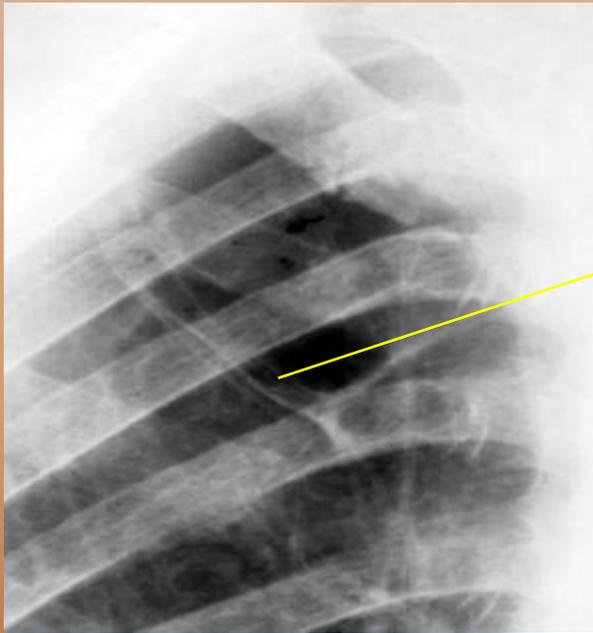


**Bronquiectasias.**

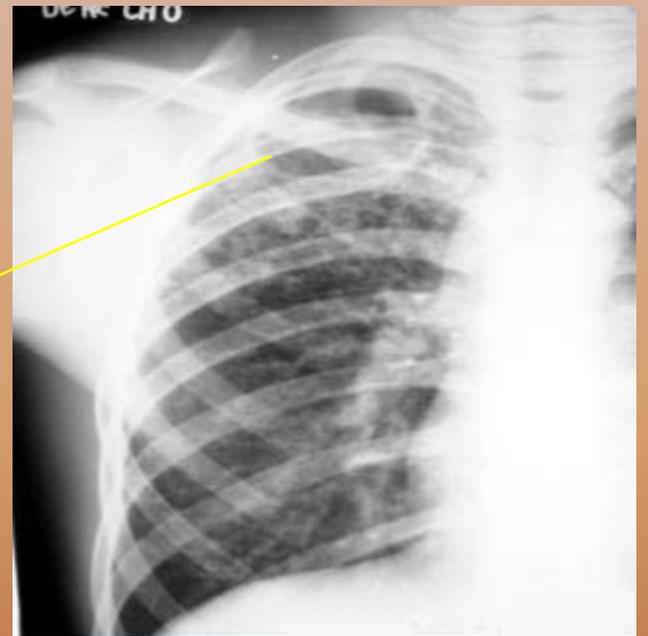


## Bronquiectasias.

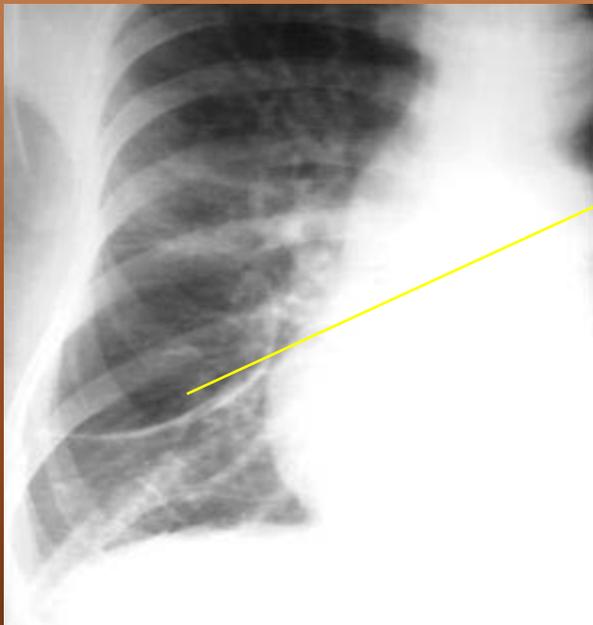




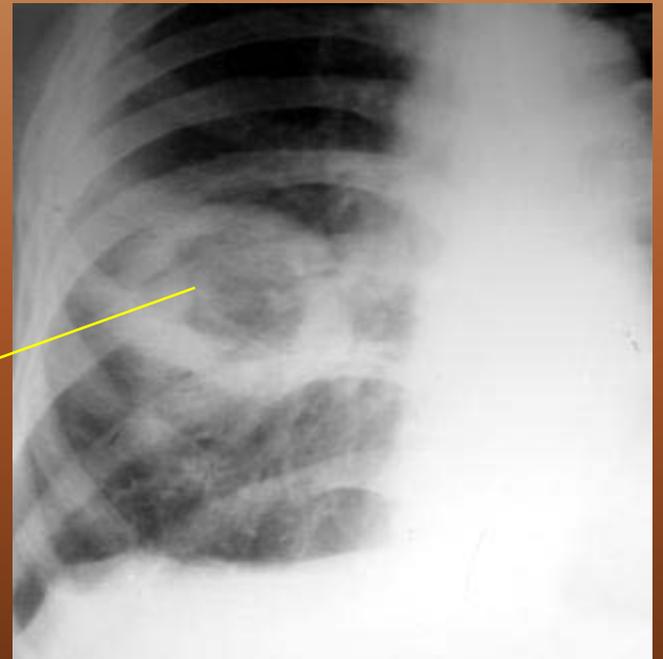
**Bulla.**



**Caverna.**



**Quiste.**



**Absceso.**

# *¿Dónde se localiza la lesión?*

*I En términos muy generales la patología torácica puede ser:*

- 1) Extrapulmonar: parietal, pleural o mediastinal.*
- 2) Intrapulmonar: Parenquimatosa intersticial, alveolar o bronquial*

*II Precisar su localización anterior o posterior, determinar el lóbulo mas probablemente afectado, para lo cual se han descrito en las radiografías simples varios signos clásicos.*